

BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH.

VOLUME 2, NO. 38.

BRAINERD, MINN., THURSDAY JULY 17, 1902.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

BARGAIN WEEK AT THE BIG STORE

In some lines of our Millinery department we have a larger stock on hand for this time of the season than we care to see, so in order to have them move quickly we have placed them all on a special counter and will sell them to you at exactly

1/2 THEIR FORMER PRICE 1/2

For instance Hats that sold at 50c, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00, and \$3.00 will go at **25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00, and \$1.50.**

This sale includes the latest things in Walking Hats, Trimmed Hats, Ready-to-Wear Hats, Sailors, etc. A big assortment, all New and Up-to-date.

Can also give you some snaps in Fancy Wash Goods, short ends, in some just enough for a waist and other pieces just enough for a dress, all new clean goods, but we want to clear them out as quickly as possible in order to make room for Fall Goods now coming on.

Goods worth 7, 10, 12 1-2, 15, 25 and 50 cents, go at **5, 7, 9, 10, 20 and 38 cents.**

MRS.B.KAATZ & SON

203-205 Kindred Street,

East Brainerd.

HAVE AN EXCITING DAY

WISCONSIN REPUBLICAN CONVENTION BEGINS BUSINESS AT MADISON.

BRINGS IN TWO REPORTS

After a Long Wrangle the Committee on Resolutions Decides to Report Two Sets of Resolutions—Majority Document Endorses Senator Spooner Conditionally and the Minority Unconditionally.

Madison, Wis., July 17.—Governor Robert M. La Follette carried the day in the state Republican convention, which was the most exciting political gathering ever held in the state. His adherents succeeded in piloting through the convention a platform to his liking which the stalwart Republicans in the committee held up for nearly six hours. While the planks favoring primary elections and equalization of taxation were not to the stalwarts' liking, they stood for them and waged the battle against the Spooner plank which practically called upon the senator to stand upon the principles laid down in the platform. After a long wrangle in the committee on resolutions, which was interrupted by side conferences of each side, the committee decided to bring in two reports. The minority report consisted of but one resolution endorsing Senator Spooner unconditionally. After a very heated discussion in the convention, accompanied by much chaos, the majority report was adopted, reconsidered and again adopted, the final vote being 268 to 279.

Judge L. H. Bancroft, the temporary chairman of the convention, delivered the opening address.

The convention reconvened about 4:30 p.m. and received the report of the committee on resolutions, which, as reported from the committee, was agreed to by a vote of 8 to 3.

The committee had been in session nearly six hours. The report says:

Loudly Praises Spooner.

We, the Republicans of Wisconsin, in convention assembled, reaffirm our support of the principles of the party as expressed in the last national platform, and as loyalty exemplified in the policies of the administration of William McKinley and Theodore Roosevelt. Lamenting the enduring loss to the country in patriotism and statesmanship through the untimely death of President McKinley, we testify our confidence in the ability of his successor fully to administer the high trust and we record our appreciation of his splendid courage and enduring integrity made manifest in his official conduct.

We approve of the public services of Wisconsin representatives in both houses of congress, and we especially commend the official career of the Hon. John C. Spooner, who, by his notably able, conservative and patriotic course upon questions of national and international importance, has become recognized as the leader of the United States senate.

We again express our regret for his announced determination not to serve the state another term in the senate and should he now find it possible to reconsider this decision and express his willingness to stand as a candidate in harmony with the sentiments and in support of the platform principles here adopted by Wisconsin Republicans, and for the election of a legislature favorable to their enact-

ment into law, his decision would meet the general approbation of Republicans everywhere, and we pledge him the enthusiastic support of the party for his re-election to the high position which he has filled with such distinguished ability and with such great honor to the state and nation, and in case Senator Spooner shall not find it possible to again be eligible for United States senator we demand that all candidates for this position shall endorse the principles of this platform and favor the election of a legislature pledged to enact these principles into law.

Endorses Governor La Follette.

"We adopt the last Republican state platform and reaffirm its principles. We endorse and approve the administration of Governor Robert M. La Follette as conspicuously able, honest and impartial, and ever mindful of public interests. We commend his patriotic devotion, his long continued and courageous efforts in behalf of good government. The just, fearless and conscientious performance of his plain duty to secure the fulfillment of the pledges made to the people which has received the most emphatic approval of the Republican party of Wisconsin and we take great pleasure in recording that approval in convention, and his renomination by an overwhelming majority is the best assurance of his loyal and faithful adherence to principle that could be given by the people of any party.

"We demand that caucuses and conventions for the nomination of candidates for offices be abolished by legislative enactment, and that all candidates for state, legislative congressional and county offices be nominated at a primary election upon the same day and by direct vote under the Australian ballot.

"We renew the demand of the party for the enactment of such laws as may be necessary to compel each individual and every corporation transacting business within the state, except such fraternal and other associations as are now exempted from taxation by law, bear a justly proportionate share of the burdens of taxation. To the immediate accomplishment of this end the Republican party of Wisconsin stands pledged, and we ask all candidates for the senate and assembly at the coming election to be called upon by the voters to give assurance of their support in accordance with those pledges made by the party and we here record our censure for those who for purely selfish purposes have obstructed the earlier fulfillment of these party obligations."

AT PORT CHALMETTE.

British Camp for Purchase of Live Stock to Be Reopened.

New Orleans, July 17.—The British transport service which for so many months conducted an active trade at Port Chalmette is to reopen its camp there for the shipment of horses, mules and cattle to South Africa. It is found that the American animals are the hardest for the veldt work and the British government will need a great number under its agreement of restocking the farms of the burghers who suffered in the recent war. The officers are now on the way and the camp will be reopened immediately upon their arrival.

FLAMES GETTING STRONGER.

Jennings (La.) Oil Fields Fire Still Raging Fiercely.

Jennings, La., July 17.—The fire which attacked the oil storage tanks here is still uncontrolled. No progress has been made in conquering the flames and if anything they are getting stronger.

Large line of 2nd hand Household goods to be sold for storage at D. M. Clark & Co's.

THIRTY-FIVE PERISH

TERRIBLE LOSS OF LIFE IN A MINE EXPLOSION AT PARK CITY, UTAH.

CAUSED BY FOOLHARDINESS

Miner With a Lighted Candle Enters One of the Powder Magazines and His Act Cost Him His Life and Many of His Companions—Shock Something Terrific and Was Heard a Long Way.

Park City, Utah, July 17.—Thirty-five miners were killed in the Daily West and Ontario mines during the day, twenty-nine in the Daily West and six in the Ontario.

The dead recovered from Daily West are: John McLaughlin, John Burg, Mike Conlin, John Devlin, Harry Devlin, Richard Delaney, John Featherstone, John Gill, William Lance, John Lively, John Maloney, Joseph Murin, Thomas McGowan, John McAuliffe, Elias Nelson, William Sim, J. B. Tindel, W. G. Wiggleland, Edward Hall, William Harlin.

Dead remaining in Daily West: John Eckstrom, Mike Crowley, John Carney, Peter Harlan, Roy Jackman, Thomas A. Kelly, Charles McAllan, P. M. O'Neil.

Dead in the Ontario mine: George Devlin, William Wevil, Stephen Barratt, Christopher P. Saderup, W. F. Thomas, Charles Neine.

The disaster was the result of an explosion occasioned by John Burg, a miner going into one of the magazines of the Daily West with a lighted candle. His act cost him his life and the lives of many other miners besides. His own body was blown to pieces. All of the other victims are recognizable, their faces being easily identified by relatives and friends.

The explosion occurred at 11:20 p.m. and in a twinkling deadly gas was being generated throughout the mines. It crept through every tunnel shaft and incline and in a very short space of time scores of miners found themselves face to face with death.

SHOCK WAS SOMETHING TERRIFIC.

It is not known how much powder was exploded, but whatever amount there was it went off in a terrible concussion. The shock was something terrific and was heard for a long way, although it was nearly 2 o'clock before it was known in Park City, a distance of three miles.

When it is stated that a horse was killed at the mouth of the Ontario tunnel, two miles away, some idea of the force of the explosion may be had. The animal was in use at the entrance to this part of the mine and was hurled against the wall and machinery with such violence as to be killed outright. The other horses were also killed in the Ontario almost as great a distance away. That there was not greater loss of life is miraculous. The work of rescue was quickly undertaken.

The men were brought to the surface as fast as the disabled machinery would permit. The victims had to be brought up the shaft in a one compartment cage, one of the compartments having been wrecked by the explosion.

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"We renew the demand of the party for the enactment of such laws as may be necessary to compel each individual and every corporation transacting business within the state, except such fraternal and other associations as are now exempted from taxation by law, bear a justly proportionate share of the burdens of taxation.

To the immediate accomplishment of this end the Republican party of Wisconsin stands pledged, and we ask all candidates for the senate and assembly at the coming election to be called upon by the voters to give assurance of their support in accordance with those pledges made by the party and we here record our censure for those who for purely selfish purposes have obstructed the earlier fulfillment of these party obligations."

REFUSED A MILLION.

Schwab's Big Offer for the Bookwalter Steel Process.

Springfield, O., July 17.—John W. Bookwalter of this city was offered \$1,000,000 cash for the Bookwalter steel process. The offer came from President Schwab of the new American Steel Casting company. Mr. Bookwalter declined to sell.

By the Bookwalter process blasting for removing impurities from the iron is done at the side of the converted instead of at the bottom. The result is that less power is required, while greater purity of steel is obtained. The process is covered by twenty or more patents.

A company with \$500,000,000 stock to make steel by the Bookwalter process has just been organized in Pennsylvania. It will be located at Philadelphia, adjacent to the Cramps yards, and will be known as the Bryton Steel Casting company.

RESCUED BY HOBSON.

Hero of the Merrimac Saves a Young Lady From Drowning.

St. Louis, July 17.—Captain Richmond Pearson Hobson of Merrimac fame rescued Miss May Ceref, a young lady well known in St. Louis society, from drowning in the Mississippi river opposite the Chautauqua grounds near Alton Hills. Miss Ceref was standing on the deck of a yacht, and losing her balance, fell into the stream. Captain Hobson, who was in swimming nearby, at once went to the young lady's rescue and caught her as she was going down for the second time. He conveyed her to the yacht, where she was resuscitated with some difficulty.

A full line of Diamond and Seal of Minnesota Buggies, in large variety, at Hessel's, corner of Fourth and Front streets.

STONY POINT BATTLEFIELD.

State Reservation Dedicated by Appropriate Exercises.

Stony Point, N. Y., July 17.—Over 15,000 persons witnessed the exercises here which marked the dedication of the Stony Point battlefield state reservation. The exercises were held under the auspices of the American Scenic and Historic Preservation society (custodian), with the co-operation of the Empire State society, Sons of the American Revolution, and the Rockland county citizens' committee. The day was the 123rd anniversary of the capture of Stony Point by the American forces under Brigadier General Anthony Wayne.

Governor Odell, who was accompanied by his staff, delivered the principal address.

At the conclusion of the governor's address the "Star Spangled Banner" was played by the West Point band and William Wayne of Paoli, Pa., a lineal descendant of General Anthony Wayne, raised the flag on the reservation. Following this there was a salute of twenty-one guns each from the United States steamer Olympia and the light artillery battery from West Point.

ON THE RETIRED LIST.

President Takes Radical Action in Case of General Jacob H. Smith.

Washington, July 17.—Secretary Root brought from Oyster Bay the case of General Jacob H. Smith, tried by court-martial at Manila on account of orders issued to Major Waller. General Smith was found guilty of the charges by the court and sentenced to be admonished by the reviewing authority. The president has so admonished General Smith and retired him under the law which provides that officers having reached the age of sixty-two years may be retired at will by the president. Secretary Root supplements the reprimand of President Roosevelt in a long circular in which he explains the conditions which resulted in the court-martial of General Smith and shows that although Smith issued the "kill and burn" order as a matter of fact very few persons were killed as a result of that order, the casualties being confined almost wholly to the eleven natives killed under Major Waller's direction.

INTERVIEW WITH MERRIAM.

Director of the Census Talks of the Country's Future Growth.

Duluth, July 17.—"In 1910, when our next census is taken, I expect the population of the United States will reach the 100,000,000 mark," said William R. Merriam, director of the census bureau, in an interview here. "This will include our new possessions, Hawaii, Porto Rico and the Philippines, but it will demonstrate in no uncertain terms what a world power this country has become."

Have I any radical changes in the system in mind? Yes, there will be some changes. We can see now where improvements can be made in the methods used. One thing that I will ever have in mind, however, is to cut down the expenses of taking the census. The last one cost this country \$12,000,000, an enormous sum. I know of several ways whereby this amount can be reduced, and that will be my purpose."

Mr. Merriam left on a late train for St. Paul.

GREATEST DANGER PASSED.

Mississippi and Des Moines Rivers Are Now Falling.

Keokuk, Iowa, July 17.—The crest of the flood in the Mississippi river passed here at noon and that river has been falling since. The Des Moines river began to fall at the same time. The flooded district is still under water, but the greatest dangers here have passed. The crest of the Mississippi rise has reached Quincy and flooded thousands of acres additional. The inundated country reaches from La Grange to Hannibal, 25 miles on the Missouri side, and covers over 100,000 acres above height of railway tracks. Several thousand acres of wheat in the shock has been washed away. Egyptian levee broke three miles west of Alexandria. Patrolmen discovered the crevasses at once and in default of old lumber for repairs tore down a fine farm house for material. By herculean efforts they succeeded in stopping the crevasses and saved thirty square miles of big corn in the field.

PASS THEIR SECOND READING.

House of Commons Considering London Underground Railway Bills.

London, July 17.—All the Morgan and Yerkes bills providing for the construction of underground tube railroads in London were handed down by a select committee of the house of lords and passed their second reading in the house of commons by large majorities.

The debate in the commons was listened to by a crowded house. The galleries were also filled in expectation of heated discussion, but in this the listeners were disappointed, the opposition to the schemes being rather listless. Slightly more interest was aroused by the United Electric railway scheme of Morgan, which will take the same route as Mr. Yerkes' district railway. Only sixty-nine votes, however, were given against the United Electric scheme.

Steyn Sails for Europe.

Cape Town, July 17.—Ex-President Steyn, of the former Orange Free State, Mrs. Steyn and two doctors sailed for Europe on the steamer Carrisbrook Castle. Mr. Steyn is suffering from enteric fever.

D. M. Clark & Co., largest Installation House in city. Goods sold on easy terms.

GREAT REFRIGERATOR

CLOSE-OUT

One Quarter Off

AT

HOFFMAN'S

FURNITURE AND HARDWARE STORE,

Corner of Sixth and Laurel Streets.

GENTRY BROTHERS

TRAINED ANIMAL SHOW

BRAINERD, MINNESOTA,
FRIDAY, JULY 18, 1902

300 ARISTOCRATIC ANIMAL ACTORS 300

The World's Best Trained Animal Show.

See the Wonderful 40 Pony Act.

POSITIVELY the limit of tuition reached in Dogs, Ponies, Monkeys, Elephants, Zebras, Camels, Etc.

Show Grounds West Main Street
PERFORMANCE 2:30 and 8 p.m.
Grand street Parade, 10 a.m.

CRUSADE TO STOP KISSING.

Society Organized by Sixteen Northwestern University Students.

Following the teachings of Professor Algie R. Crook, the man who never was kissed, kissing has been voted "vulgar, demoralizing and unnecessary in respectable courtships" by sixteen Northwestern university students, men and women, who have formed the Antikissing society, says a special from Chicago to the New York World. Here is the pledge taken by the members:

Realizing that kissing is very demoralizing and detrimental, but still delicious, and that it is exclusive and contagious, we, the undersigned students of Northwestern university, following the example of our much beloved Professor Algie R. Crook, solemnly swear that we will refrain from all kissing.

Professor Crook, who inspired the idea, has been elected an honorary member of the organization. The words he let fall in his unusual claims to virtue have had a subtle influence on the students at the university and are responsible for the present sudden opposition to kissing. Strange to say, a group of coeds are at the bottom of the conspiracy to discourage the osculation.

BEARPROOF WAGONS.

THE DAILY DISPATCH.

BY INGERSOLL & WIELAND.

E. C. GRIFFITH, City Editor.

Entered at the post-office at Brainerd, Minn., as second class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Week.....	Ten Cents
One Month.....	Forty Cents
One Year.....	Four Dollars

THURSDAY, JULY 17, 1902.

Weather.

Fair tonight and Friday. Cooler.

Bids for the erection of the new public building at Fergus Falls will be opened August 18th. A total appropriation of \$115,000 has been made for the structure.

HENRY JACKSON was an applicant for pardon before the pardoning board on Tuesday, but the petition was denied. Jackson was sent up for life from Crow Wing county for murder in the first degree and if ever a man was entitled to serve a life sentence he is.

JAS. A. MARTIN, executive clerk to Gov. Van Sant and chairman of the executive committee of the republican state central committee, was tendered a banquet in his home town, St. Cloud, on Tuesday evening. The guests represented all shades of political beliefs, as politics are forgotten when "Jim" is at home among his friends.

AS THE primary election law will be applied for the first time in Minnesota at the fall election many questions are being asked the attorney general regarding its provisions, and to one from the attorney of Otter Tail county the following reply is made: Voters who are changing their party affiliation cannot vote at the primary election. Mr. Somerby holds that as the law reads a voter is only entitled to the ballot of the party with which he affiliated at the previous election and whose candidate he then generally supported. In the case of a first voter, it is not necessary to declare past affiliation. The effect of this will be to prevent voters from taking part in a party primary until they have served an apprenticeship at a previous election. Men who voted the democratic or populist ticket two years ago cannot vote at the republican primary until they have proved the faith that is in them by voting the republican ticket this fall. In case a vote is challenged, the voter will have to go on oath and swear to his party affiliation.

Having added a full line of staple groceries, canned goods, etc., to our market we ask an inspection and trial. Everything new and fresh. Give us a call.

13-tf J. F. HAWKINS.

For Sale.

Finest lots on north side, four blocks from Front street, for \$150 each for cash.

J. R. SMITH,

Room 2, Sleeper Block, Brainerd.

Bids Wanted.

Bids will be received up to 10 a. m. July 21st, at auditor's office for new road from bridge across Chas. Ahren's land, Section 26, T. 134, R. 28. Right reserved to reject any and all bids.

34-tf By order of Committee.

Taken Up.

A dark brown mare, four years old, weight about 900 pounds, part of forehead white, blemished on right hind leg. Owner please call and prove ownership and pay charges.

F. MARSH,

Township 138, Range 28, Sec. 12.

Saved A Woman's Life.

To have given up would have meant death for Mrs. Lois Cragg, of Dorchester, Mass. For years she had endured untold misery from a severe lung trouble and obstinate cough. "Often," she writes, "I could scarcely breathe and sometimes could not speak. All doctors and remedies failed till I used Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and was completely cured." Sufferers from Coughs, Colds, Throat and Lung Trouble need this grand remedy, for it never disappoints. Cure is guaranteed by McFadden Drug Co and H. P. Dunn & Co. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

Board and room \$3.50 per week. Wilber hotel, Sixth St. south. 35-1w

For forty years Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry has been curing summer complaint, dysentery, diarrhoea, bloody flux, pain in the stomach, and it has never yet failed to do everything claimed for it.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES.

Charlie Swanson went to Aitkin this afternoon.

Fred Hollenbeck, of Duluth, is home on a visit.

C. F. Anderson and wife went to Wadena this afternoon.

Mrs. H. T. Emerson and son have returned to Minneapolis.

J. H. Koop returned from the Twin Cities this afternoon.

There are now 92 teachers attending the summer school in this city.

Herbert Fuller, mail agent on the M. & L., is ill at his home in Bemidji.

J. N. Waldrop left for the northern part of the state this morning on business.

Attorney A. Y. Merrill came up from Minneapolis this morning on legal business.

Miss Maud Davis has returned from an extended visit in Minneapolis with friends.

Hon. A. F. Ferris returned from the cities this afternoon where he went on business.

J. O. Nelson, operator for the M. & L., has resigned and gone to his home in Wisconsin.

Miss Tuttle, of Cass Lake, who has been visiting Mrs. Drysdale went to Pequot this afternoon.

Assistant Postmaster Grewcox was at Long Lake yesterday, the guest of R. L. Georgeson.

The Ladies Auxiliary of the A. O. H. will give a dancing party at Elks Hall next Monday evening.

Miss Clara Paine and sister went to Staples today and will visit there and Detroit for three weeks.

H. Shepherd has sold his contract for carrying the mail between Brainerd and Vineland to C. W. Miller of the latter place.

Miss Anna Jenson and Miss Hannah Videen left for Minneapolis this afternoon to attend the Swedish Lutheran convention.

Messers Moen and Weyerhauser, of Little Falls, were in the city today, having just returned from a trip north on the M. & L.

Mrs. E. C. Geary, Jr., and two little daughters, who have been visiting in the city with Mrs. E. C. Griffith, returned to their home in Fargo this afternoon.

Mrs. Abner Larned, of Detroit, Mich., who has been visiting Mrs. W. A. M. Johnston left for Benson, Minn., today but will return here again in August.

Prof. J. S. Gaylord, of the State Normal at Winona, who lectured before the teachers of the Summer school in this city last night and this morning, left for Duluth this afternoon.

Young Herbert Paine while playing last night on a fence, fell to the ground and broke his elbow. Dr. Thabes was called and the bone was set and the young man feels much better today although it is a bad break.

The International Correspondence Schools have a window display at Walter's shoe store of samples of work done by their students, some of whom live in Brainerd. The mechanical drawings are well done and show what wonderful improvement can be made by their students.

There will be a meeting of the Elks this evening when two new candidates will be initiated into the order. A full attendance is desired as some action should be taken regarding the trip to St. Cloud tomorrow afternoon.

A large number of Elks from this city are understood to be making plans to go down with the Elks base ball team and some definite plan will be mapped out tonight.

Miss Evelyn Witherell entertained a party of friends on Tuesday evening in East Brainerd, and the affair is pronounced one of the most enjoyable of the season. Progressive pedro was the diversion until quite a late hour, when luncheon was served. After luncheon an informal musical program was rendered which was one of the delightful features of the evening's amusement.

A dozen or more young boys, all sons of prominent northside people, were in the police court this morning and received a rather harsh reprimand on account of their insistence in making the river banks along Bluff ave., a public bathing resort, regardless of those who live on the banks and in full view. The boys were given a talking to and with the promise that they would go and sin no more they were released.

Board and room \$3.50 per week. Wilber hotel, Sixth St. south. 35-1w

Miss Maud Connick went to Fargo this afternoon for a short visit.

J. S. deForest left for the Twin Cities this afternoon on business.

Judge Powers, of Granite Falls, was in the city today on legal business.

Mrs. H. J. Connick and daughter have arrived in the city from Kansas City for a visit with friends and relatives.

Miss May Stuart, of Valley City, arrived in the city from the west this afternoon to visit with her aunt, Mrs. Grewcox.

Brakeman Brown, of the M. & L., had the misfortune yesterday to lose a foot at Bemidji. Two car trucks run over the foot and it was smashed to a jelly.

George Christiansen, who has been clerking at the Arlington hotel, leaves tomorrow for Mankato, where he has accepted a position at the Saulsbaugh hotel.

Mrs. Jos. Leitner and Mrs. Louise Deering, of this city, were called to Rollingstone, Minn., on Sunday evening last on account of the death of their father, Mr. Frank Sherman, of apoplexy, aged 76 years. The funeral occurred at Rollingstone on Tuesday. Deceased was also the father of Express Messenger Frank Sherman, who is well known here.

If A Man Lie To You.

And say some other salve, ointment, lotion, oil or alleged healer is as good as Bucklin's Arnica Salve,

tell him thirty years of marvelous cures of Piles, Burns, Boils, Corns, Felons, Ulcers, Cuts, Scalds, Bruises and Skin Eruptions prove it's the best and cheapest. 25c at McFadden Drug Co and H. P. Dunn & Co

Store your Stoves and Household goods with D. M. Clark & Co.

"I owe my whole life to Burdock Blood Bitters. Scrofulous sores covered my body. I seemed beyond cure. B. B. B. has made me a perfectly well woman." Mrs. Chas. Hutton, Berville, Mich.

A household necessity. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Heals burns, cuts, wounds of any sort; cures sore throat, croup, catarrh, asthma; never fails.

D. M. Clark & Co., carry a nice line of sectional Book Cases.

Years of suffering relieved in a night. Itching piles yield at once to the curative properties of Doan's Ointment. Never fails. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Fire Which Never Go Out.

There are domestic fires burning in England today which have never been put out for hundreds upon hundreds of years.

At the old fashioned farmhouses in the dales of Yorkshire peat is still burned. The fuel is obtained from the moors, and stacks of it are kept by the farmers in their stack garths.

The country roundabout is noted for its "girdle cakes," which are made from dough baked in quaint pans suspended over the pent fires.

These fires are kept glowing from generation to generation, and the son warms himself at the fire which warmed his sire and his grandsons and his grandsons' sire and which will warm his son and his son's son.

There is a fire at Castleton, in the Whithby district, which has been burning for over 200 years. The record probably is held by a farmhouse at Osomtherby, in the same district. This fire has been burning for 500 years, and there are records to show that it has not been out during the last 300 years.

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Chicago, July 17.—After being out 34 hours the jury in the Streeter murder trial was unable to reach an agreement and has been discharged. William Force, one of the four defendants, was acquitted, but "Captain" Streeter and his confederates, McManners and Hoeltke, will have to stand a second trial. Eight of the jurors believed Streeter and his two lieutenants guilty of murder, but the four other jurors held for acquittal. Many ballots were taken, but all resulted alike. The crime for which Streeter and his companions were tried was the shooting of Henry Kirk, a watchman. The tragedy was the outgrowth of a "squatters rights" dispute as to a tract of valuable land on the lake front.

STOOD THE JOURNEY WELL.

King Edward Benefited by Change of Air and Scene.

Cowes, Isle of Wight, July 17.—A bulletin issued during the morning says:

"His majesty bore the journey from London to Cowes extremely well and suffered no inconvenience in the process of moving. The king had a good night. His general condition is excellent. He is much gratified at the change of air and scene."

"His majesty had his couch wheeled out upon the open deck two hours during the afternoon."

AFTER HORSE THIEVES.

Officers of Three Wisconsin Counties in Pursuit of a Band.

La Crosse, Wis., July 16.—The sheriffs of Jackson, Crawford and La Crosse counties are pursuing on horseback a gang of horse thieves who have been creating consternation in this vicinity for some days. When last heard of, at Ferryville, they were then close in pursuit. The authorities believe the criminals to be an organized gang.

The Rib.

The Living Church quotes this from a Connecticut woman's diary, dated 1790: "We had roast pork for dinner, and Dr. S., who carved, held up a rib on his fork and said, 'Here, ladies, is what Mother Eve was made of.' 'Yes,' said Sister Patty, 'and it's from very much the same kind of critter.'

To Show It.

Bingo—Bingo—I'm going to bring my wife round to call on you tonight.

Winterby—That's right; but do me a favor, old man. Don't let her wear her new dress. I don't want my wife to see it just now.

Bingo (grimly)—Why, that's what we are coming for.

NEGRO BURNED AT THE STAKE.

Pays a Terrible Penalty for Assault at Clayton, Miss.

Clayton, Miss., July 17.—At an early hour in the morning William Odey, a negro, was tied to a tree and burned. Odey had outraged a young woman named Virginia Tucker. The negro was saturated with oil and a match applied to the fagots piled around him.

Miss Tucker was riding home in a buggy when at a lonely spot in the road the negro hailed her with the information that she had dropped a package. Miss Tucker stopped her horse and the negro approached as though to pick up the package.

Odey seized the girl's wrists and dragged her violently from the vehicle, breaking both of her limbs. The young lady screamed, and was found a few minutes later by Dr. William Hitt, who was driving in the country. The negro, upon seeing the physician, took to his heels. Dr. Hitt gave the alarm and posse were soon searching in every direction.

Just before midnight one of the posses came upon Odey, who tried desperately to escape, but was captured and bound. He was brought at once to Clayton. In the meantime news of his capture spread and in all directions mobs began to form and make for a central point.

The negro was brought into the presence of Miss Tucker, who positively identified him, although he denied that he was guilty. Odey was taken to a convenient spot in the country near the scene and a bonfire built around a tree. He was told to prepare for death and when the manner of his execution became apparent the wretch begged piteously for mercy. He was bound securely and put into the flames and in a short time only his charred bones marked the place of execution.

CARRIED OFF THE CASH BOX.

Bold Work of a Sneak Thief in a New York Office.

New York, July 17.—A sneak thief marched into the offices of the Southern Pacific railway at 349 Broadway, this city, and, although there were half a hundred people there at the time, he calmly marched out again, taking with him the cashier's money box.

The box contained the day's receipts. Usually it holds \$25,000 to \$50,000 in negotiable paper and cash. On this occasion, however, it held only about \$5,000 in checks and notes, and the cashier thinks, less than \$100 in cash.

As a rule the box is kept in the safe of the office, but the cashier had taken it out and placed it on his desk, intending to return it to the safe in a moment. He left his compartment for a short time and when he got back the box was gone and no trace of the thief could be found. The checks can, it is thought, be readily cashed, as many of them are for small amounts and the cashier has no record whereby he can stop payment.

FATALLY SHOT THE PITCHER.

Base Ball Umpire Under Arrest at Cannelton, Ind.

Cannelton, Ind., July 17.—During a ball game here Arthur Derrett, the umpire, shot and fatally wounded William Whallen, the pitcher.

The game was played between the Owensboro and Cannelton teams. In the last inning Whallen was at the bat and took exception to a ruling made by Derrett. After several words had passed the quarrel ceased. Whallen hit a fly and started to first base when, it is alleged, Derrett pulled his pistol and shot

CELEBRATION WILL BE ON LARGE SCALE

Labor Day will be Celebrated this Year under the Auspices of T. and L. Assembly.

BIG MEETING HELD LAST NIGHT.

Committees Appointed to take Charge of the Various Departments of Day's Sport

Tuesday evening one of the largest labor meetings held in years was called to order in Trades and Labor hall by President W. H. Sadler, president of the Labor Day Association. The purpose of the meeting was to take some action regarding the proper celebration this year of Labor Day. Mr. Sadler made a few chosen remarks on the subject and the next order of business was the election of a president for the ensuing year. George Pippy was the unanimous choice of the members present and he was elected to this important position. J. C. Smallwood was elected to the office of secretary.

A motion was then made that the celebration this year to be held under the auspices of the Trades and Labor Assembly and that they have full management of the program of the day. This motion was unanimously carried. There being nothing more to come before the meeting and adjournment was taken subject to call of President Pippy.

President Pippy wanted to get down to business at once and called a meeting immediately of the Trades and Labor Assembly. There were other officers to be elected and the following were finally chosen to fill the respective offices:

Treasurer—David Smith.

Financial Sec.—A. M. Johnson.

Vice President—John Murphy.

A motion was made and carried that the same finance committee that acted last year be asked to serve again this year, and the president was requested to ask them if they would serve. The committee was composed of Messrs A. F. Ferris, A. L. Hoffman, George Gardner, J. T. Sanborn and S. R. Adair.

O. R. Burdett was unanimously chosen grand marshal of the day for Labor Day.

A motion was made that the officers of the assembly act as the executive committee prevailed.

A vote of thanks was tendered the retiring officers of the old Labor Day Association.

It was, on motion, decided to pull off the Labor Day sports on Front street, providing privilege to do so could be secured from the city council. A committee was appointed, consisting of Messrs Pippy, Holden, Pegg and Johnson to wait on the city council regarding the matter.

A motion was made and carried that Gardener's hall be secured for a dance on the evening of Labor Day.

Messrs John McCullough, John Dahn and Anderson was appointed to secure speakers for the day.

A motion was made and carried that a committee of three be appointed to wait on the management of the base ball team to arrange a game here on Labor Day. J. C. Smallwood, Dee Holden and John Anderson was named on that committee.

The following committee was appointed on music: Messrs D. Smith, Dee Holden and Ed Traver.

A committee of six, composed of Messrs Pippy, Dahn, Smith, Holden, McClelland and Huelst was appointed to wait on the merchants to get them to sign an agreement to close their respective places of business on Labor Day.

The meeting adjourned to meet next Tuesday evening.

Labor Day in Brainerd this year should be a hummer. The officers chosen are competent and they will doubtless give Brainerd the best time people have ever had.

Don't Fail To Try This

Whenever an honest trial is given to Electric Bitters for any trouble it is recommended for a permanent cure will surely be effected. It never fails to tone stomach, regulate the kidneys and bowels, stimulate the liver, invigorate the nerves and purify the blood. It's a wonderful tonic for run-down systems. Electric Bitters positively cures Kidney and Liver Troubles, Stomach Disorders, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Rheumatism, Neuralgia and expels Malaria. Satisfaction guaranteed by Mc Fadden Drug Co and H. P. Dunn & Co, Only 50 cents.

VILLAGE OFFICERS ELECTED.

First Meeting of the Village Council of Pequot Held and Officers were Elected.

The first meeting of the village council of Pequot was held at that place on Wednesday evening and among other matters transacted the following officers were elected: President—James Fitzgerald. Treasurer—T. G. Butler. Recorder—A. R. Holman. Trustees—J. R. Thurlow, E. R. Quigley and Ben Ellington. Justices of the Peace—Nels Ellingson and J. J. Schroeder.

Constables—Paul Klatte and Clayton Steele.

The Brainerd Weekly Dispatch was designated the official paper of the village.

Buy Red Star Yeast, the best in the city, for sale by D. Mahoney the leader in good things to eat.

28th 708 Front St.

SOME FIGURES GIVEN OUT.

Revelations of the Tremendous Profits made by Installment Houses Through VanUnger.

J. H. VanUnger, who was tried yesterday on the charge of grand larceny in the second degree, was on the stand most of the afternoon on his own behalf and during the course of his testimony some startling revelations were made pertaining to tremendous profits made by the installment houses. VanUnger was a salesman for the American Wringer Co., and by his testimony it was shown that the agent who sells a rug makes just fifty per cent.

For instance if he sold a rug for \$6 he would take \$3 of it. The installment house would have \$3 and out of this there is the cost of shipping and natural losses. So it can be seen that the price that the lady or gentleman who buys goods from an installment agent pays is cut three or four times in two before it finds the right accumulating fund of the company.

On a wringer these agents make 60 per cent and thus it goes right on and it does seem strange that there are hundreds who patronize these houses instead of the merchants in their home town.

We carry a full line of groceries, just added, which will pay you to sample.

13-tf J. F. HAWKINS.

See D. M. Clark & Co's new spring line of wall paper.

Honest Business Methods.

When applied to amusements of any character usually result in many successes for the venture. One of the first shows to adopt this principle, and one that has always retained it under all circumstances, is Gentry Bros. famous shows, and from a small exhibition, of opera house dimensions, it has gradually grown, until it now represents the largest trained animal show in the world. Every city where the Gentry Bros. have ever visited, their performances are greeted with the same enormous audiences, and the announcement of the coming of the exhibition is eagerly looked forward to by everybody in the entire domain.

This season finds the Gentry shows much enlarged and even surpassing their former selves. A special feature is made of the superb street display, which will be given on the morning of the date of exhibition, which has been definitely announced for July 18th.

\$29.50 to New York and Return

Via "The Milwaukee".

Tickets on sale July 30th, August 6th and 13th. This rate also applies to Montreal, Atlantic City and a number of seashore resorts.

Tickets good on the Pioneer Limited—The famous train of the world.

For full particulars write to W.B. Dixon, Northwestern Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

Fine line of carpets. Hoffman.

For Baby Carriages and Go-carts see D. M. Clark & Co.

At J. F. Hawkins market and grocery you will find fresh goods, the best the market affords. 13-tf

Need more Help.

Often the overtaxed organs of digestion cry out for help by Dyspepsia's pain's, Nausea, Dizziness, Headaches, liver complaints, bowel disorders. Such troubles call for prompt use of Dr. King's New Life Pills. They are gentle, throughout and guaranteed to cure. 25c at Mc Fadden Drug Co, and H. P. Dunn & Co's drug store.

J. H. VAN UNGER IS DECLARED GUILTY

By the Jury Last Night After Being Out Little Less Than Half an Hour.

MAY BE GIVEN A LONG TERM.

The Log Case of A. L. Cole & Co. vs. Bonness & Co., Being Tried Today.

The case of J. H. Van Unger went to the jury late yesterday afternoon and they returned a verdict last night at 6:30 o'clock. The verdict read "guilty as charged in the complaint." Van Unger was brought into court and showed signs of extreme anxiety, but when the fate was read he seemed to be resigned. The court did not sentence the prisoner. He was taken back to the county jail, where he will remain for a short time before being sentenced. There is a probability that he will get a long term at the penitentiary at Stillwater, as the case was a very clear one against him. It is understood that his attorneys were in favor of his pleading guilty to a lesser charge and take a jail sentence, but Van Unger felt that he could win out.

It is not known definitely what he is liable to get under the statute, but it is discretionary with the court to make it from three to seven years. This morning the case of A. L. Cole & Co., vs. Bonness, Howe & Co., was taken up. This is a case growing out of a logging contract entered into between the two firms. The case is being hotly contested and strong legal assistance has been secured for both sides of the case. R. M. Tyler, of Minneapolis, represents the plaintiff and A. Y. Merrill represents the defendants.

E. T. PETTERS BADLY HURT.

While Riding in a Delivery Wagon He is

Hit by a Handcar and is

Badly Bruised up.

E. T. Peters, who is the delivery man for Cale & Bane, met with an accident that will lay him up for some time with painful injuries. He was riding in the wagon and was crossing the St. Paul track at Oak street, and was hit by a hand car which was going at full speed. The wagon was smashed to smithereens, and Peters was thrown in the air some 20 or 30 feet. Several of his fingers were broken, his back was quite badly injured and other slight bruises were inflicted about his body. The force was so great that three of the men on the hand car are also laid up for repairs.

BRICK LAYING TO COMMENCE.

The E. C. Bane Block will be One of the

Finest in the City when

Completed.

Tomorrow Contractor Bloomberg will start laying brick on the new block being constructed by E. C. Bane on Seventh street. The building will be rushed to completion as rapidly as possible. It will be 50 by 100 feet, making two store rooms. A Minneapolis firm has made application to rent one of the store rooms.

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

"TOO RICH TO MARRY".

There was a fair audience at the

opera house last night to meet the "Too Rich to Marry" company. The piece is a very interesting one but outside of Ed. Raymond, who plays the part of the old man who likes a "gay" time once and awhile, the cast is not particularly strong.

ON THE DIAMOND.

The Brainerd Elks team will go to St. Cloud tomorrow afternoon to play a game with the Elks of that city.

The lineup of the infield of the Brainerd team will be about as follows: Englebretson, c; Watkins, p; Joe Howe, 1b; Frank Murphy, 2b; Bert Parker, ss; Tom Canan, 3b.

Brainerd is after Earling Bothne,

of Chicago, who is one of the fastest catchers and infielders in the business. He has just graduated from one of the medical colleges of Chicago. It is expected that he will meet the team at Ashland Saturday.

Trunks and Grips at D. M. Clark's.

NEW CATTLE PUNCHER

How an Electric Device Drives Steers to Slaughter.

SAVES BRUISING OF THE BEEF.

Work Is Done In One-half the Time and With Half the Exertion by a Novel Invention of a Kansas City Man—Approved of by an Armour Official.

The employees of a packing company in Kansas City now employ electricity to drive the cattle into the beef beds instead of shouts, clubs, whips and prods, says the New York Herald.

The application of electricity is made by two insulated wires connected with the light wires over the catching pen and the knocking pens. The current passes through a stick and connects with two brass points on the end.

"Punchers" is the name given the sticks. There are two punchers, each six feet long, in the catch pen and five four feet long in the knocking pens. The insulated wires are about twenty feet long, thus covering a distance in the pens of about thirty feet each.

One hundred and twenty-five volts of electricity are turned on. It is enough to make a sharp, stinging sensation without leaving a mark or a bruise on the beef. It is said fifty volts would be as effective.

The work is done in one-half the time and with half the exertion. The effect on the steer of the magic touch is amusing to see. A steer touched on the left hip immediately throws his hind quarters as far as he can to the right. He cocks one ear straight ahead and one straight back, switches his tail and starts straight ahead, not caring for a second shock.

There is a look of surprise in his eyes, and he seems to know that all the trouble lies in the end of that stick. He doesn't stop to get mad or howl. He has urgent business at the other end of the pen. That is exactly where the drivers and knockers want him.

It completely does away with all back rushes and dragging in with chains, for just as long as the puncher is behind the steer is just as far as he can get in front. The saving of time and of bruised meat is also an item to be considered.

This novel instrument is the invention of L. E. Unree, the machinist in the beef beds, who has made several other useful improvements in the machinery.

The Schwarzschild & Sulzberger company has been using these punchers about a month. An Armour official has also viewed the puncher in use and speaks highly of the improved method.

Superintendent J. L. Sterrett says: "The cattle puncher is a great money saver as well as an instrument for saving breath, muscle and morals. Many actual dollars are saved because bruised beef is kept at the lowest minimum ever reached."

JOHNSTOWN EXPLOSION.

Calamity Occurred In One of the Country's Largest Mines.

The mine at Johnstown, Pa., in which the recent explosion occurred, whereby many lives were lost, is one of the largest coal mines in the United States, according to the statement of officials, says the New York World. From the entrance in the hill across the river to the one at Mill creek is a distance of three and three-quarter miles.

The Klondike section, in which the explosion occurred, is about two miles from the Mill creek entrance. The mine is divided into a large number of headings, levels and sections. The sections run off to the left and right of the headings and are known as rights and lefts by the miners.

The men who escaped are familiar with the mine. They have spent years working in it; otherwise they could never have reached the surface. Lights were out, and there was no way for them to find their way to the top had they not known the mine perfectly.

PEPPER AS A NOVELIST.

Ex-Senator From Kansas to Write a Book on Economic Questions.

A striking exception to the rule that a statesman out of a political job is out of the world is found in the case of ex-Senator W. A. Peffer of Kansas, now residing in Washington, says the Kansas City Journal. At present Mr. Peffer is devoting his time to writing a series of reviews of certain periods of American history.

For some time past he has had in mind writing a work dealing seriously with questions of labor and capital, but has lately reached the conclusion that to be of practical benefit a work of this sort should be in the form of a novel, somewhat on the order of Bellamy's "Looking Backward," and among the works that he will produce during the coming fall and winter will be a novel on the subject aforesaid. Such, then, is the real Peffer, a man of literary parts and scholarly tastes, mild and conservative.

"Buffalo" Jones a Buffalo Warden.

Charles J. Jones, popularly known as "Buffalo" Jones, was appointed buffalo warden for Yellowstone park the other day, says a Washington dispatch. Mr. Jones has devoted much attention to the preservation of the American bison and was largely instrumental in securing an appropriation at the last session of congress for the establishment of a government buffalo ranch in the Yellowstone park. This establishment will be under Mr. Jones' charge.

WHITE BED SPREAD SPECIAL SALE.

Began Tuesday at 8 a. m. Sharp

Goods are all marked in Red Figures Plainly.

Don't be disgruntled if you miss this splendid chance.

—Here's the List—

Banner Spreads, 90c, for.....	75c
Madison Spreads, fringed, \$1.20 for.....	95c
Pekin Plain Spreads, \$1.50, for.....	\$1.10
Alaska Spreads, \$1.75,.....	\$1.25
Madras fringed, Spreads, \$2.00 for.....	\$1.30
Pheonix No. 10, 75c, for.....	55c
Phoenix No. 40, \$1.00 for.....	80c
Phoenix No. 50, \$1.25, for.....	95c
Phoenix, Fringed, No. 112, \$1.25 for	\$1.00
Phoenix, Fringed, No. 115, \$1.50 for	\$1.15
Phoenix, Plain, No. 80, \$1.65, for.....	\$1.40
Phoenix Fringed, No. 110, \$2.00, for	\$1.65
Phoenix Plain, No. 70, \$1	

NORTHERN PACIFIC BANK

WERNER HEMSTEAD, President
J. F. McGINNIS, Vice Pres.
H. D. TREGLAWNY, Cashier.
J. A. BATCHELDER, Asst. Cashier

Capital \$25,000. Surplus \$7,500.

General Banking Business
Transacted.
Your Account Solicited.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Of Brainerd, Minn.

A. F. FERRIS, President
G. D. LABAR, Cashier.

Capital, - - - \$50,000
Surplus, - - - \$30,000

Business accounts invited



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Apply to
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BRAINERD, - - - MINN.

Second - Hand - Goods Bought and Sold.

STORAGE. Stove Repairing, Plating A Specialty.

NEW ENGLAND Second-Hand Store 222 FIFTH STREET SOUTH.

MINNESOTA & INTERNATIONAL RAILWAY CO.

TIME CARD.

Trains arrive at and depart from the Northern Pacific Depot.

	GOING NORTH.	GOING SOUTH.
P. M.		
2:00	Brainerd	11:30
2:25	Merrifield	10:30
2:45	Hubert	10:45
3:00	Smiley	10:35
3:02	Pequot	10:35
3:13	Jenkins	10:15
3:25	Pine River	10:05
3:34	Midway	10:05
3:48	Buckus	9:40
4:05	Hackensack	9:22
4:45	Walker	8:50
5:15	Lakeport	8:19
5:28	Guthrie	8:05
5:39	Nary	7:53
6:00	Bemidji	7:30

W. H. GEMMELL, Gen. Manager.

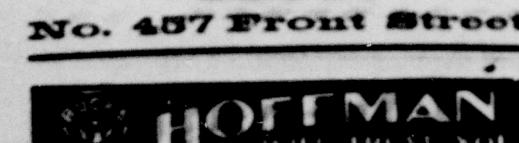
NOTICE!

You can
Get Live
Frogs and
Minnows

at

J. N. WALDROP'S
Gun Store
at all times

NO. 457 Front Street.



ALL GO BACK TO WORK

STRIKE OF FREIGHT HANDLERS AND TEAMSTERS SETTLED AT CHICAGO.

COSTLY TO BUSINESS MEN

Estimated That They Are Losers to the Extent of Ten Million Dollars by the Tying Up of the Railway Freight Traffic—Labor Unions Will Be Urged Hereafter to Forego Sympathetic Strikes.

Chicago, July 17.—Renewed activity on the part of Chicago business men followed the settlement of the freight handlers and teamsters' strike, and at the close of business hours thousands of tons of freight had been sent to and from the various freight depots. Every one of the 24,000 strikers who could obtain employment had returned to work by 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

The strike, it is estimated, cost the business men of Chicago \$10,000,000 and in order to guard against such a contingency in the future, they are preparing to inaugurate an educational campaign in opposition to the sympathetic strike.

The labor unions will be asked to forego the use of this potent weapon. The business interests which suffered through the strike will join in pledging themselves, it is said, not to sign union agreements which do not guard them against these strikes. On the other hand the labor unions are fighting to secure the right to abrogate agreements for the purpose of ordering sympathetic strikes. The freight handlers blame the national officers of the teamsters for the loss of the strike. They declare that the result shows the necessity for incorporating in all agreements a reservation which will permit strikes.

Credit for the settlement rests with the state board of arbitration. It was the adoption of the suggestions by that board which led to the action of the Freight Handlers' union in declaring the struggle with the railroads at an end. At the same time it is probable that even had the state board not made its suggestions, the fight would have been practically over by this time, as the majority of the freight handlers had returned to their work before the mass meeting, at which the strike was called off officially, had convened. It was a knowledge of this fact that had much to do with the action taken by the union. However, the proposition made by the state board of arbitration enabled the freight handlers to retire gracefully from the field and prevent any hard feelings resulting from the struggle.

Lightning struck the flagpole on the roof of Tammany hall, shattering the staff half way down its length. As the splintered wood fell into Fourteenth street, crowds made a rush for pieces to bear off as souvenirs. The bolt passed off without doing further injury, although there was considerable excitement in the neighborhood.

The storm was general throughout the northern part of New Jersey.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

SETTLEMENT IN SIGHT.

Union Pacific Shopmen Believe End of the Strike Is Near.

Omaha, Neb., July 17.—Matters in the strike situation on the Union Pacific railroad have begun to clear to some extent, and the shopmen who are out profess to believe that a settlement is in sight. Strike leaders say that the recent visit of President Burt and other officials to the shops in the West and the continued desertion of new men will have a salutary effect in a short time and they are now awaiting developments. President Burt himself refused to make any statement, but another official authorized the statement that the road knew nothing of a settlement and had no concessions to make.

OFFICIALLY RECALLED.

Chinese Minister at Washington Going Back to Peking.

Washington, July 17.—Minister Wu has received official confirmation of his recall to Peking to assume a connection with the new Chinese foreign office. He had previously received a copy of the official decree naming himself with Shen Chai Pen as the compiler of a new code of laws for China, but he was not certain that the duty could not be discharged in Washington without the surrender of his mission. Now, however, he is informed that he is to come to Peking. The date of his departure has not been set, as it depends on the arrival here of Liang Chung, who is to succeed him, from London. The change cannot be made inside of a month or six weeks.

SHELL FALLS IN CARACAS.

Twenty-Four Persons Killed in the Venezuelan Capital.

San Juan, Porto Rico, July 17.—It is believed here and the opinion is said to be founded on good authority, that President Castro of Venezuela will be overwhelmed within two weeks. President Castro took the field against the revolutionists July 6.

Twenty-four persons were killed by a shell which fell in Caracas recently.

HIS RECOVERY SLOW.

Chamberlain Not Progressing So Rapidly as Desired.

London, July 17.—The recovery of Mr. Chamberlain, who was recently injured by being thrown from a cab, is retarded by recurrent weakness. His loss of blood has led to an intermittent pulse. Complete rest and a change of air has been ordered.

Violent Storms in France.

Paris, July 17.—Violent storms swept over Southeastern France during the day. The river Furens overflowed. Many bodies were seen floating in the river.

Mob Gathering for a Lynching.

Owensboro, Ky., July 17.—A mob is gathering to lynch Josh Anderson, who shot and killed his wife last week. The mob is moving towards the jail now.

MINE WORKERS' CONVENTION.

Situation Indicates Soft Coal Men Will Not Strike.

Indianapolis, July 17.—The national convention of the United Mine Workers will assemble in Tomlinson hall, during the day to discuss the advisability of calling a strike to aid the anthracite men who have been out in the East for several weeks.

The action of the convention is uncertain, although the situation indicates that there will be no walkout of the soft coal men. There are so many circumstances, however, that may change the situation that speculation regarding the result of the convention is practically worthless. If President Mitchell would declare his personal preferences it would not be difficult to foretell the outcome. At present he controls the situation absolutely and can swing the delegates either way. He will not say openly what he wishes, however, asserting that it is the province of the delegates to decide regarding the strike and that while he is willing to advise, under no circumstances will he assume to dictate to the convention what it shall do. He said, however, that the convention would take action which would result in the winning of the strike by the anthracite men in the East. He also said that the men on strike were contending for a principle to which the United Mine Workers had long been committed and that it was the duty of the parent body to aid them by every means in its power. When asked whether these utterances could be construed into meaning that he was in favor of a strike Mr. Mitchell would say nothing. If no strike is ordered by the convention it is likely that action will be taken toward curtailing the output of soft coal and every effort will be made to keep it out of the anthracite region. To this end the bituminous men will decide to work fewer hours a day and no more coal will be mined than is necessary.

Mr. Slimmer is a bachelor. He says he has made money all his life, and the only pleasure he finds now is in giving it away. He expects to die without a cent.

In an interview in which he outlined his plans Mr. Slimmer told of some things he has done and discoursed upon the foolishness of the general run of charity. He has a safe full of iron-clad contracts he has made with the recipients of his bounty and prides himself on the fact that they cannot be broken. Said he, showing one of these documents:

"Here is a contract with a hospital. I gave them \$50,000, and they at first raised the same amount, when a few weeks before they told me they could not raise \$2,000 to keep the little hospital they had from being abandoned. Later they raised another \$50,000, and it is now a rich institution. My conditions were hard, and they fought me for months over them, but they feel differently now. I provided that the building should cost \$25,000 and the remaining \$75,000 should be placed in a permanent fund, which I named after the widow of an ex-governor of the state solely because she was a good woman. She had not a dollar to give. Then I provided that every patient who had no money should be paid at the rate of \$7 per week out of this permanent fund. If there were no poor patients, they got none of the fund."

"Begging letters?" he repeated in answer to the question. "Yes, I get thousands of letters of all kinds—letters asking me how I work my charities, letters telling me that I ought to have a helper, and winding up with some good woman offering to marry me. But it is not through letters that I find out what to do. I go into a town, attracted perhaps by a little item in a paper. I say nothing, but find out things. One time I went into a town and found there was an old woman's home where the inmates were placed two in a small room that had to be chalked across to keep the occupants from quarreling. They asked me to buy a quilt, as they were having to make and sell things or close the institution. I refused to buy the quilt because I could not see any good that money would do, but I hunted up the richest man in the town and told him that if he and his neighbors would raise \$50,000 I would give the same. He laughed at me and said the thing was utterly impossible; that they had been trying to raise \$1,500 for two years and had only half of it. I talked to him for half an hour, and he gave \$10,000 himself and got the other \$40,000 in twenty-four hours."

Mr. Slimmer is now, as he says, seventy-three years of age. He is a small man, perhaps 5 feet 7 inches, and weighs 130 pounds. He is inseparable from his hat and never changes the style. He cares little for dress and wears a twelve dollar suit, with old style boots. Besides his "work," his hobby is old people and old friends. Among the latter he numbers Turk, as rascally an old horse, grown fat and sleek on the best land affords, as one will meet in a day's journey. He had a little crop eared dog, mention of whose death a year ago is still the signal for a solemn face on the part of the master.

Mr. Slimmer has many plans for the future. He has just begun to give money away, he says. Some of his plans concern Chicago. He will not discuss them except in a general way. But wherever he goes and whatever he does it will be taken for granted that some conditions will be maintained.

"I do not make hard and fast conditions with the sisters," he says, "because they devote their lives to the work, perform the labor of the institutions with their own hands and can make an institution pay where salary drawing people would fail. They are honest and earnest, and if their religion is narrow, according to my way of thinking, they are earnest in it and believe in it."

"I will not have women in the directories of the institutions I help to start. I do not care for a few, but I will not have them given any part of the management of affairs. They are sympathetic and emotional, but they cannot do anything without getting up factions and quarrels, and they put their personal friends in fat positions if they can. And, last of all, I will not give anything to institutions that can get along without me. I prefer to start something myself—something that would not be started without me. I can find enough to do even with all these conditions, so my business will not suffer for want of patronage."

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, July 16.—Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 76 1/4¢; Sept., 69 3/4¢. On Track—No. 1 hard, 78 1/2¢; No. 1 Northern, 72 1/2¢; No. 2 Northern, 72 1/2¢.

Sioux City Live Stock.

Sioux City, Ia., July 16.—Cattle—Beef, \$5.50@7.50¢; cows, bulls and mixed, \$2.50@5.00¢; stockers and feeders, \$2.75@4.50¢; yearlings and calves, \$2.50@4.00¢. Hogs—\$7.45@7.75¢.

Duluth Grain.

Duluth, July 16.—Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 76 1/4¢; No. 1 Northern, 74 1/4¢; No. 2 Northern, 72 1/2¢; No. 3 spring, 70 1/2¢. To Arrive—No. 1 hard, 76 1/2¢; No. 1 Northern and July, 74 1/4¢; Sept., 71 1/4¢. Flax—Cash, \$1.35.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, July 16.—Cattle—Choice butcher steers, \$7.00@7.50¢; choice butcher cows and heifers, \$5.50@6.00¢; good to choice veals, \$4.50@5.50¢; Hogs—\$2.50@8.00¢. Sheep—Good to choice, \$3.50@4.00¢; lambs, \$5.50@6.10¢.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, July 16.—Cattle—Good to prime steers, \$7.75@8.70¢; poor to medium, \$4.50@7.60¢; stockers and feeders, \$2.50@5.25¢; cows and heifers, \$1.50@6.50¢; Texas steers, \$4.00@5.75¢; Hogs—Mixed and butchers, \$7.25@8.25¢; rough heavy, \$7.25@7.70¢; light, \$6.90@7.70¢; bulk of sales, \$7.50@7.95¢. Sheep—Good to choice, \$3.50@4.25¢; lambs, \$2.50@3.60¢.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, July 16.—Wheat—July, 73 1/4¢; Sept., 71 1/4¢; Dec., 71 1/4¢; May, 74 1/4¢. Corn—July, 65 1/4¢; Sept., 59 1/2@59 3/4¢; Dec., 46 1/4¢; May, 43 1/4¢. Oats—42 1/4¢; Sept., 29 1/4¢; Dec., 28 1/4¢; May, 32 1/2@32 3/4¢. Pork—July, 18 4/5¢; Sept., 18 6/5¢; Oct., 18 25¢; Jan., 18 45¢. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, \$1.43¢; Southwestern, \$1.37¢; Sept., \$1.30¢. Eggs—12 1/2¢; dairies, 17@19 1/2¢. Eggs—18¢. Poultry—Turkeys, 12¢; chickens, 11@12¢.

Violent Storms in France.

Paris, July 17.—Violent storms swept over Southeastern France during the day. The river Furens overflowed. Many bodies were seen floating in the river.

Mob Gathering for a Lynching.

Owensboro, Ky., July 17.—A mob is gathering to lynch Josh Anderson, who shot and killed his wife last week. The mob is moving towards the jail now.

Friend of the Poor.

Situation Indicates Soft Coal Men Will Not Strike.

Indianapolis, July 17.—The national convention of the United Mine Workers will assemble in Tomlinson hall, during the day to discuss the advisability of calling a strike to aid the anthracite men who have been out in the East for several weeks.

The action of the convention is uncertain, although the situation indicates that there will be no walkout of the soft coal men. There are so many circumstances, however, that may change the situation